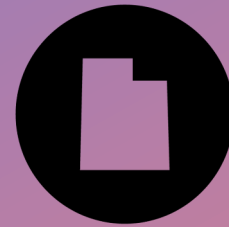


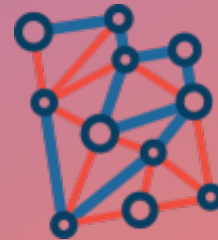
# TRAC Machining Apprenticeship



**TALENT READY**  
Apprenticeship Connection



UTAH SYSTEM OF  
HIGHER EDUCATION



**uammi**  
UTAH ADVANCED MATERIALS  
+ MANUFACTURING INITIATIVE



**UTAH MANUFACTURERS**  
ASSOCIATION

# Introductions

Peter Reed – Talent  
Ready Utah,  
Program Manager



Martin Moore –  
UAMMI, Workforce  
Coordinator



Megan Ware –  
UMA, Director of  
Workforce  
Development

# Education Partners



## **School Districts**

Ogden

Weber

Davis

SLC

Granite

Alpine

Washington

Cache

Jordan

## **Tech Schools**

Ogden-Weber Tech

Davis Tech

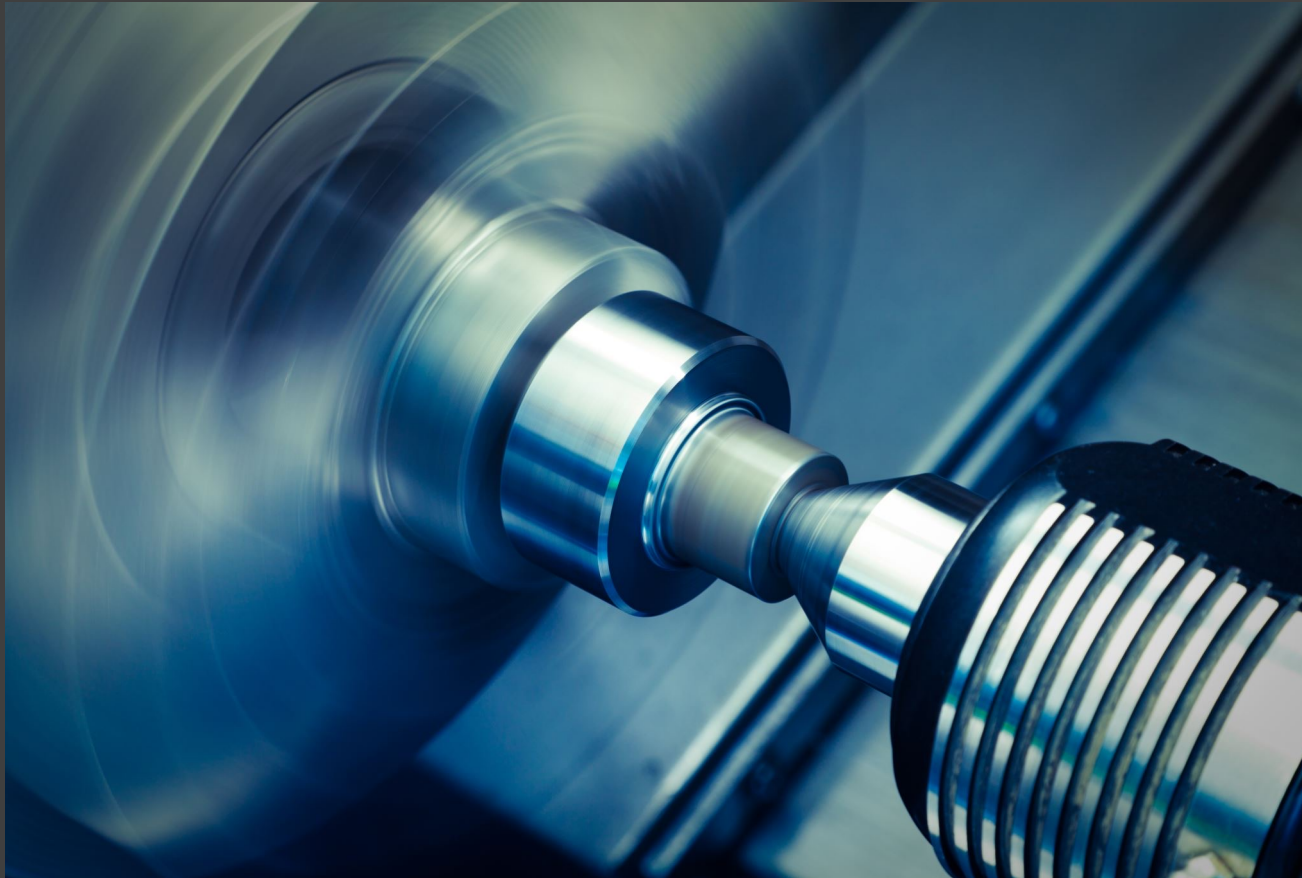
SLCC

Mountainland

Bridgerland

Dixie Tech

# Industry Partners



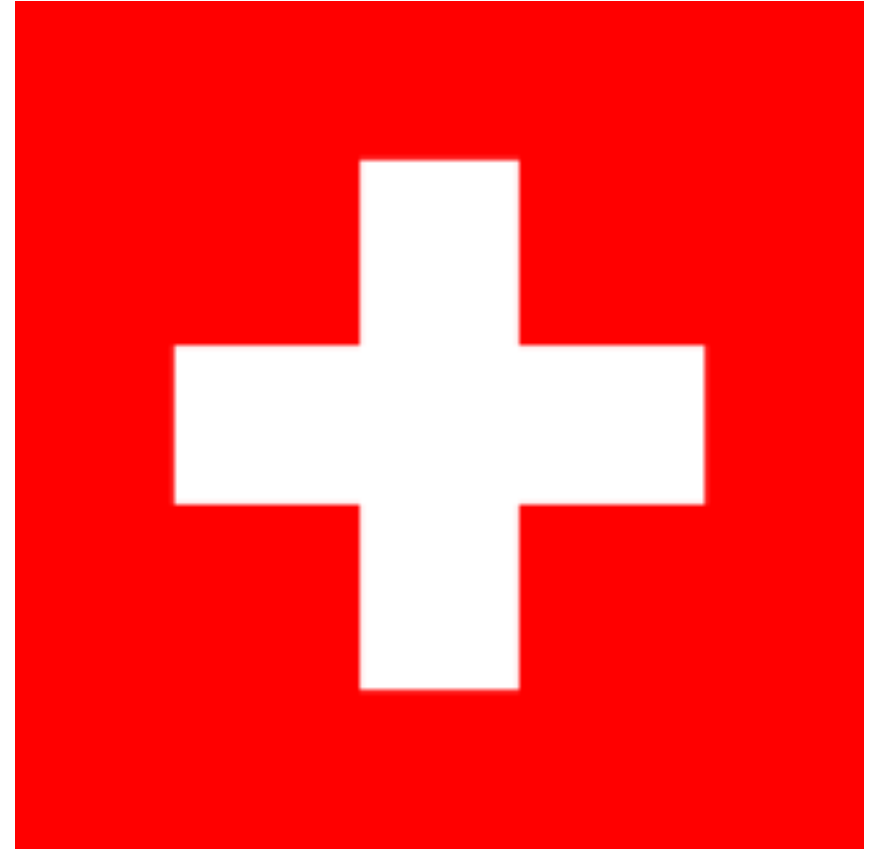
- JD Machine
- Parker Aerospace
- Leanwerks
- Skaydandee Machine
- Janicki Industries
- Advance Manufacturing
- Clean Machine
- Cyber Jet
- Paramount Machine
- US Synthetic
- Ram
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Gen Machine

# Bridging Education and Industry

- Creating tomorrow's talent today
- The burden currently falls on our schools – but businesses are having difficulty finding employees with the appropriate competencies to fill skilled positions
- Talent acquisition is increasingly costly, challenging, and ineffective. Forward-thinking companies are growing their own talent pipelines through modern youth apprenticeships
- Apprenticeship is not a diversion from higher education – it's a rigorous education option that combines theoretical learning with practical learning that focuses career and education objectives
- It can be a direct path to high-paying in-demand jobs
- Stackable Credentials

# The Swiss Model

- TRAC looks to the Swiss apprenticeship system for inspiration and borrowed elements to adapt. In Switzerland there are more than 230 apprenticeship occupations, and 40% of companies participate in the program. Many of the world's largest companies are run by CEOs that started off as apprentices.



# TRAC

## What is Unique?

- Concurrent enrollment
- Earn and learn model
- Begins in high school
- Mentorship
- Integrating classroom and workplace environments
- Pathways
- Stackable



# What Does TRAC Mean to Higher Education?

- Worked-based learning
- Working with school districts
- Students are part-time employees
- Integration of existing curriculum with work experience
- Pathways and articulation agreements
- Curriculum collaboration
- Industry partner  
Collaboration/Ownership/Participation
- Capstone Project





# TRAC – Value Add for Business



Reduce turnover costs and increase your employee retention rate



Recruit and develop a highly trained workforce for hard-to-fill positions



Create industry-driven and flexible training solutions to meet your business's needs



Positive ROI based on the value of apprentices' productivity

# Apprentice Strategy

- Gradual – Train over 2-3 years to align with company standards and culture
- Capable – Loyal, adaptable, diverse, and digital-native talent pool
- Motivated – 88% of employers believe that apprenticeship leads to a more motivated and satisfied workplace
- Inexpensive – Approximately \$10K per year during apprenticeship; \$35K - \$45K if hired



### Learning Outcomes:

- Perform Machine Start-Up
- Monitor Processes
- Recognize Problems of Defects
- Describe Symptoms to Program Troubleshooter

# Outline



Remember



Understand



Apply

# Curriculum – Year 1

## Machining safety/workplace practices:

- Orientation to Industry/Profession
- Safe Machining/Machine safety features
- PPE
- SDS sheets
- Following Standard operating procedures
- Organizing a work area
- Efficient machine operating
- Effective communication

## Shop tool and machine maintenance:

- Use of hand tools (basic hand tools, vises, chucks, torque wrenches, ETC...)
- Maintaining Hand tools, vises, chucks, ETC...
- Machine Maintenance (Machine Fluids, oils, greasing a chuck, ETC...)
- Acceptable cutting coolant Concentration and PH levels
- Procedure for powering up a machine, zero return, and powering a machine down
- Understanding of machine movements and axes
- Basic tool sharpening and grinding

## Shop Math:

- Fractions
- Decimals and Machining terms
- Unit Conversions
- Right Angles, Trig, and Proper application practices
- Offset Addition and Subtraction
- Speed and Feed Calculations

## Machine Tooling:

- Lathe Tools Nomenclature
- Lathe Tool Application
- Milling Tools Nomenclature
- Milling Tool Application
- Tooling inserts
- Tool Wear/Tool Failure

# Curriculum – Year 2

- Metrology:
  - How and when to use Calipers, Micrometers, Indicators, Comparators, and height gauges
  - How and when to use Bore gauges, Mueller gauges, ETC...
  - How and when to use gauge pins, plug gauges, thread gauges, and ring gauges
  - Qualification of Inspection Equipment
  - Visual inspections
  - Surface finishes
- Part inspection:
  - How to Read a Blueprint
  - Basic GD&T
  - Part Tolerancing
  - First Article Inspections
  - Recording Inspections
  - In process inspections
- Understanding a CNC program:
  - CNC controller layout and use
  - Loading programs into a CNC Controller
  - Coordinate Systems, WPC's, and Work offsets
  - Understanding of Absolute and relative coordinates
  - Program Values and Depths
  - Basics of G&M Code
  - Sub programs
  - Tool offsets (ID and OD)
- Machine Set-Up:
  - Loading lathe tools
  - Lathe tool touch off
  - Building up milling tools
  - Loading milling tools and touch off
  - Loading chuck jaws, vise jaws, and collets
  - Cutting chuck jaws, vise jaws, and collets
  - Setting "part zero" or a "work offset"
  - Proving out a program/set-up

# Program begins junior year

